Board of Aldermen. AFRIL 2 .- Isaac O. Barker, Esq., President, in

air. The minutes of the last meeting were read and MUNICATION FROM THE WAYOR RESPECTING CITY

RAILROADS.

THE WIN HOYORABLE THE BOARD OF A DESIREMAN, 1855.

THE THE HOYORABLE THE BOARD OF A DESIREMAN, 1855.

GRATILLYES—I enclose the BOARD OF A DESIREMAN, 1855.

A Bready and a complete and interest to a third reading, and particularly at Albany, what they dare not attempt in New York. This project has for its aim a reveral of the desireme of the courts on the sale of the strength of the Bready, and a complete and interest of a railroad in Breadway, and a complete and interest of a railroad in Breadway, and a complete and interest on the strength of the College of the Coll

sdiate attention to this question. Yery respectuary,

Act to amend the act entitled "An Act relation to the contruction of ratirons in cities," passed April 4th, 1854.

The people of the Bate of New York, represented in Sete and Assembly, do enset as follows:—
See. 1.—The third section of the act entitled "an act relate to the construction of rallroads in sities," passed April
1864, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:—
This askall not be held to prevent the construction, extension
issue of any railroad in any of the cities of this State,
the has been already authorized or constructed, in whole
is part, or for which, in any manner, any grant, lionne,
rivines or contract, has been heretofore made, passed or
was, or proposals to have been indee, passed or given by
ay Common Council of any city, or the two Boards there, or any musicipal legislature, or for or in respect to
fisch any recolution has been passed or voted by any such
essemen Council, Beards or Logislature, but for the purses of quieting and settling lovever all doubts, questions or
as treversize which may have been made on the subject, it

sheares. Or injection intention of the contract of the intention of in

Whereas, certain persons claim to have some right to a triain grant or license to build a railroad on Broadway, &c., she grants or license was irregular and invalid—now, for se purpose of removing entirely all the grounds of such

the purpose of removing entirely all the grounds of such claim—
Reselved, That the resolution which was finally adopted by the Common Council on 30th December, 1852, in relation to the construction of a railroad in Broadway, &c., by Jacob Bharp and ethers, be, and the same, with all powers and authority conferred thereby, is hereby reseinded, vacated and repealed. And be it further are such as the same of the same are selected and repealed. And so it further are such as the same are bereby repealed and annulled. Alderman Warkan was in Albany a few days since, and was surprised at learning the degree of forwardness to which the Readway Railroad scheme had attained, and the secret manner in which it had been accomplished. The bill had not been printed until it came to a third reading, and was then printed only because it was necessary by the rules. The question for this board now was, would they permit the passage of a bill giving a grant to build a railroad on Broadway without its sanction? He meved that a committee be appointed to go to Albany to prevent the passage of the bill.

Alterman Vollens was in slave of the resolution to amail, and after some remarks on the same side from Alderman Lynchtanto for the Free Schools of the Statz.

FRANCISCO TO THE FIRE SCHOOLS OF THE STATE.

APPROPRIATION FOR THE FIRE SCHOOLS OF THE STATE.

A report was received from the Finance Committee soneuring with the Councilmen to appropriate 1866,968.05 for free schools of the State. Concurred in COMPENSATION TO THE COMPORATION ATTORNEY.

The report of the Committee on Ordinances, recommending an ordinance to reduce compensation of the Composition Attorney to \$2,500 per annum. Construct in.

Conservation Atterney to \$2,500 per annum. Conserved in.

THE PIER DEFARTMENT.

The report of the Committee on Fire Department in favors of concurring to build a new engine for Engine Company No. 24 C encurred in. Of same in favor of conserving the make, repairs to Engine 34, laid on the table; of same, to build a new carriage for Hose Company 14, laid on the table.

A preamble and resolution were offered by Alderman Baird, calling a pon, the Street Commissioner to inform the Board by what authority a contract has been made with a street cleaning company, by whom made and for how less. Adopted.

Alderman Herrick called up a resolution of his from the table, to amend the resolution passed in 1835, authorizing the Brick Presbythrian Church to rent a porties of the tringular piece of ground rear of the church, and amending by giving the church power to rent such parts of the sew editice as may not be required for religious purposes.

Alderman Exympred to refer to the Connsel to the

Alderman Ex moved to refer to the Counsel to the Corporation for an opinion on the powers of the Common Council in this matter, which was adopted.

Alderman Voornins effered a resolution to add Alderman Varian and C. H. Tucker to the Committee on City Ehl Plans, as some of the committee previously appeinted had failed to attend. Lost,

Alterman W. Trucker moved to take the subject from the committee and pass upon it. Loss. The Beard adjourned to Thursday. Board of Councilmen.

APRIL 2.—The board met at 5 o'clock P. M., pur-emant te adjournment—D. D. Connover, Eq., Presi-dent, in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Of divers citizens, to have the alips between piers 35 and 57 North river, excavated, so as to make a sufficient depth of water for navigation of such vessels as fre-quent these slips; of the systemen of the city, for requent these alips; of the systemen of the city, for re-peal of an ordinance prohibiting sale of system from May to September; of divers citizens, against granting the use of the pier at the foot of Watts street to night sca-vengers; of the bellringers of the city, asking to be fur-nished with maps of the city, similar to those given to the fire companies; of the Buffalo Telegraph Company, a errest additional poles in the street; of 156 person, praying the Common Council to purchase the Crystal Palace:

Directing the Commissioner of Streets and Lamps to evertise for proposals to light the oil lamps. Re-zred. ferred.
To give an additional room to the Mayor. Laid upon

To give an additional room to the Laguer, the table.

Calling for information from the Commissioner of Streets and Lamps, in relation to cleaning certain wards with the new street sweeping machine, &c. Adopted.

That the City Inspector be requested to report what means he has taken for making a new contract for the semoval of offal, &c., as authorized. Adopted.

In favor of memorializing the Legislature 15 allow greater excavation than as per act of 24th of January, 1855. Adopted.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE GROUNDS.

greater excavation than as per act of 24th of January, 1855. Adepted.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE GROUNDS.

Councillman CLANCEY presented the following preamble and resolution:

Wheacas, there is now before the Senate and Assembly bill organizing certain parties into an association for the purpose of converting the Crystal Palace into a market momopoly for their exclusive benefit; and whereas, the ground new occupied by the Crystal Palace is owned by the exty, and was originally designed for one of the permanent equares to enament the city and as all deviation from the original invention of the Common Connell in appropriating said square for any other purpose would be an outrage upon the clusters coming property in its immediate visuality, who have paid the necessary assessments for said purpose, and also a fraud upon the whole community;—there—Releved, That the Bosad of Councilmen respectfully rementaries against the parage of the hill now before the Penate and Assembly of the State transiting certain parties into an association to use the Crystal Palace grounds as market monopoly.

these into an association to use the Crystal Palace grounds as a markst monopoly.

The resolution was adopted.

The resolution was adopted.

The Beard then resolved itself into a committee of the whole to take up document No. 22 (the special order of the evening), being the report of the Committee on the Law Pepariment in favor of paving Chatham street, does, with bleck pavement. The report and specification, after being amended, were adopted in committee: after which the Board adjourned.

Board of Supervisors.

Aran 2 .- His honor, the Mayor, in the chair. Severa bills were ordered to be paid, amongst which were some

The bills of the coroners, amounting to \$3,744, for the quarter ending March 31, 1855, and for \$385, for post

em exeminations, were referred. ALLEGED EXPORTION IN THE OFFICE OF RECEIVER OF TAXES. In reference to a communication from the Mayor to the Receiver of Taxes, respecting the tax of P. Donnelly, Mr.

Harvey Hart replies:—
"The receiver of taxes fully discharges his duty, and his whele duty, when he issues the warrant, and is in no sense responsible for the conduct of the officer charged with its occurrent. The receiver of taxes has nothing whatever to do wish the fees the constable may charge, no more than the Mayres or the Aldermen are responsible for the fees charged and received by collectors and deputy-collectors of assessments, upon the warrants issued by them for the collection of unpaid assessments.

** In reference to the statement of Mr. Bonnelly, what he had no notice of his tax until he was called on by the warrant officer, is is only newsory to state that it is not the duty of the Receiver of 37 act to call upon him, and that it appears by the affidavia.

co fle in the County Clerk's office, that said tax had been demanded of him, either personally or by notice left at his residence, and by holdie hotice according to law, and that he had neglected and refused to pay it.

It mis he be sufficient for the undersigned to stop here; but justly appreciating the area amount of money he has collected and paid into the city treasury during the time he has held his present office, and being considering the three should possess the untire confidence of the community, which he has hade every effect of the community, which he has hade every effect to deep the deep community, which he has hade every effect to deep the deep community, which he has hade every effect to deep the deep community, which he has hade every effect to deep the deep community, which he has hade every effect to deep charter to be a sufficient of the community, which he has hade every effect to deep cration. The hade the sufficient of the community, which he had to the community of the undersigned to issue those warrants.

It is respectfully summitted that nothing short of political or personal heatility, or an anxious desire to interfere with and control the business, to the finitude should be a failed and the sufficient of the city government, could find in these proceedings cause of complaint, much less of arraignment before the whole community.

The undersigned has, therefore, no "abuse" to reform in reference to this matter, and if the Sepervisors think the constables, to whom these warrants are issued, are "useless officers," the duty is plain that legislative aid should forthwith be invoked to provide some other means for collecting these unpaid taxes. Very respectfully.

The Receiver of Taxes annexes a communication from

officers." The duty is plain that legislative his shroked to provide some other means for collecting these unpaid taxes. Very repostfully.

The Receiver of Taxes annexes a communication from the Corporation Counsel, in which that functionary says:—"That in all cases in which that functionary says:—"That is all cases in which that functionary says:—"That is receipted the warrant by the constable, he is entitled to the percentage upon the amount collected. It is not allowable that the deliaquent shall deprive the officer of his fees by the simple payment of the debt. Such has been the invariable decision of the courts. This fee is commonly speken of as commission, but that term is no where used in the statutes. Such fees are part of the costs of the distress and sale, within the meaning of the statute."

The Mayer gave a brief history of the camplaints which had been made to him, and which caused his call upon the Receiver of Taxes for information, declared his right to make such call at any and at all times upon any officer of the city government; also, his power to examine their accounts, &c., as the supervising magistrate of the city, without being liable to the uncalled-for and grantitions insimuation of the receiver, that he was prompted by personal and political feelings. He reiterated his version of the law contained in his letter to the receiver, and quoted from the statutes to show that there was no autherity for the charge of two dollars and five per cent commission on the bills of delinquent tax payers, except in cases of absolute distress and sale. He also affirmed his opinion to be unaltered, not withstanding the opinion of the Counsel of the Corporation and the acts of the Receiver of Taxes.

That, in the whole matter, he had been actuated by a sense of distry—that he was perfectly unacquainted with the gentleman (Mr. Dosnelly), who had addressed to

ment, and that he should continue se to do, onena whom it may.

In conclusion, he eloquently vindicated the powers of his office, and expressed his settled determination to discharge its duties fearlessly, honestly and independently.

Alderman ELY, (Supervisor of the Seventeenth ward.) moved to lay the communication on the table and print it. After some observations from the Supervisor of the Twelfth ward, the motion was carried.

Adjourned to Monday next.

THE CALENDAR OF CRIME IN NEW YORK.

Court of Over and Terminer. Hon. Judge E. P. Cowles presiding.

ARRAIGNMENT OF PRISONERS — MOTION TO QUASE THE INDICTMENT IN THE POOLE MURDER.

APRIL 2.—The April session of the Court of general jail delivery was opened this morning with the usual procla-The grand jury were called, but, as the District mation. The grand jury were caused, our, as the District Attorney intimated that there was no business for them, they were discharged for the term.

The District Attorney said he supposed the next business in order was the arraignment of the prisoners, and

to take their pleas.

MURDER WITH THE ENIFE.

William Scharffenberg was then arraigned for the murder of Helena Myer, stabbing her with a knife. Plea, not guity.

Mr. H. L. Clinton, counsel for the prisoner, said that he was expecting some communication from the prisoner's family in Germany. The District Attorney assented to the trial being set down for the third Monday of the

MURDER OF A WIPE.

Terence Hammill was arranged for the murder of Eliza Hammill. Plea not guilty. Trial set down for second Monday of the term.

second Monday of the term.

MURDER OF A POLICEMAN.

James Ryan and Justen Patten two young men aged 17 and 19, were arraigned for the murder of James Cahill, a policeman, by shooting him with a pistol. Plea not guilty.

The District Attorney said that he would put Patten first on trial.

Mr. Spencer, on behalf of the prisoners, was perfectly satisfied, and would be ready on Wednesday of this week.

satisfied, and would be ready on Wednesday of this week.

MURLER BY SHOOTING.

William Elserle was arraigned for the murder of John Giltoy, by shooting him.

The District Attorney raid that there was a question as to the sanity of the prisoner, and that should be tried before his plea be taken. He therefore suggested that the Court would assign him counsel.

The Court assigned ex Judge Phillips and Mr. Clinton as counsel. No day was named for the inquiry.

MUSDER BY THE KNIFF.

Peter M. Lawson was arraigned for the murder of John O'Neil by a knife. Plea not guilty. Trial set down for the second Wednesday of the term.

ARBON IN THE FIRST DEGREE—PENALTY, DEATH.

Moses Myer was arraigned for arsen in the first degree, a capital offence), in setting fire te dwelling house 505 Grand street, on the night of 3d November. Plea not guilty. Trial set down for the third Wednesday of the term.

MURDER BY SHOOTING.

Joseph Hall was arraigned for the murder of William O'Brien, by shooting him with a pistol on the lat of January last. Defence insanity, Inquiry as to accountability set down for the second Friday of the term.

Edward Allen, a lad apparently not more than sixteen years of age, was arraigned for the murder of Patrick Quin with a knife, on 5th November, 1854.

The District Attorney said he had received notice of retainer from Gen. Wright, District Attorney, of New Jersey, who was not now in Court. He would accept the plea of not guilty, and let the case stand over.

plea of not guilty, and let the case stand over.

INPARTICIES—INPARTY.

In the case of Anna M Dorchey, charged with the
murder of her child, the inquiry as to her sanity was
set down itor Thursday next.

THE PRISONERS CHARGED WITH THE MURDER OF

The District Attorney said, that in the case of the People against Baker and others, he had been served by Messrs. Devalin and Clark with a notice for a motion to quash the indictment. The argument on that motion should necessarily precede the plea, and he named Saturday next for the motion.

APPLICATION TO INGREASE THE BAIL OF IRVING.

APPLICATION TO INGREASE THE BAIL OF IRVING.

The District Attorney made application for the rale of bail on James Irring, to be increased from \$10,000 to \$25,000. He had been admitted to bail by Judge Morris in the sum of \$10,000. Since then the Grand Jury had indicted Mr. Irving, and the District Attorney thought the bail should be increased.

Mr. Ilvyalin and the 110,000 grant against the same than the same the same the same the same the same than the same the same than the sa

in the sum of \$10,000. Since then the Grand Jury had indicted Mr. Irving, and the District Attorney thought the bail should be increased.

Mr. Devalin said that \$10,000 would secure the appearance of Mr. Irving with as much certainty as \$100,000; he could give \$25,000 or \$100,000 bail, but he did not wish to be troubling his friends in the matter.

The District Attorney pressed his motion.

Mr. H. F. Clark here came in, and asked that the argument on the motion to quash the indistinct be heard now. It would be inconvenient for him to attend on Saturday, and he suggested to the Court not to pass upon the question of bail until he had heard the argument on the motion to quash.

The Court preferred acquiescing in the suggestion of the counsel for the accused, and the District Attorney consented to proceed with the argument at \$12\forall \times \ti

the Croner was advised by the District Attorney that his duties ended after verdict, with arrest and individual examination |

Mr. Clark commenced his argument by stating his principal point, that the indictment was found prematurely—pending the right of the accused to examination—and that it was thus in fraudof their rights. He insisted that the phrase is the section regarding examination,—and that it was thus in fraudof their rights. He insisted that the phrase is the section regarding examination,—and shall proceed in all respects as a justice of the peace." Invested him with magisterial powers to proceed on the verdict of his jury, in the same manner as if it were a prelim nary affiliavit charging an offence. He proceeded to argue that the Coroner was, therefore, a magistrate and that the matter before indictment stood in the light of a pending examination. He argued that to find an indictment under this view, would be to defrand an secured of a right to be confronted with the witnesses against him, &c. His argument was substantially the same as made before Judge Morris. He cited the latter's opinion.

The District Attorney denied that it could be called a decision, as the point was not before his honor.

Mr. Clark answered: Perhaps not strictly, but it was an intimation entitled to respect. Mr. Clark next read the opinion of Judge Edmonis upon a similar application, quashing the Drury indictment, because of a pending examination.

The District Attorney said it was not exactly parallel, for before Judge Edmonis' law was to be believed, and he questioned it in toto, the court were to be first satisfied the Coroner was a magistrate.

Mr. Clark commented at length, and with eloquence, upon the abuse of personal rights in our midist, and denounced the grand jury system. He commenced to argue the subject of bail, but the Court intimated that this would arise more appropriately hereafter. The following are the peints upon which Mr. C. argued—

1. That upon the rendition of the verdict of the Coroner's jury, impli

1. That upon the rendition of the verdict of the Coroner's jury, implicating the defendants, the Coroner became at one clothed with the powers of a magistrate, and charged with the performance of all the duties applicable to the case of arrest for crime, imposed by law upon magistrates.

2. That the finding of the Coroner's jury had the same effect as a retilimizary sindhavit made before a magistrate, and amounted to nothing more; that the proceedings before that jury being allowed.

astha determination of a magistrate, after a preliminary hearing had before him in the presence of the accused.

3. That the prosecution having been initisted before in electrons, the right of the defendants to a preliminary exhibits the beams fixed, and that no contrivance to defeat the state of the state of the state of the defendants. It is conceled that the prosecution might have been initiated before the Grand Jury, and that in such ease there is no provision by law for a preliminary examination; but then there would be no imprisonment until after indictment. The imprisonment before indictment is a penalty pold by the accused for the right of a preliminary examination upon the charge against them; and, after increedation in a case of felony, a man can never be deprived of that right, even by his own consent.

5. The finding of the indictment by the Grand Jury, under the eigenmetance of the case, works a fraud upon the leval rights of the accused and the indictment must be set saide, upon the principles which regulate courts of record in their summary jurisdiction in cases of fraud in proceedings before them, or on the part of their officers, the Grand Jury boing merely an appendage of the Court, and subject to its control. The system of grand juries was designed for the purpose of the protection of the citica against the assaufic of the prosecuting power, and is stransely perverted from that purpose when the result of their premature action is permitted to deprive a man of valuable rights secured by law. Their secrescy, their exparts condemnation, are unconsoulately examination of the outloon of the other memory and their moles of proceeding may well be endjected to wholesome regulation.

proceeding may well be subjected to wholesome regulation. The application for ball was descred until the determination of the motion to quash the in lictment.

The panel of petit jurors was then called, and several persons excused—some for having conscientious scrupics against capital punishment, some of the Jewiah persuasion in consequence of the appreaching Passever, and others for various reasons.

At the hour of three the court rose, and the District Attorney will answer to morrow at ten o'clock.

CORRECTION.

In a description of the prisoners before the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and a sketch of the crimes with which they stand accused, given in yesterday's paper, we mentioned, in the case of the youth, Edward Allen, that the decessed, Patrick Quinn, was intexteated at the time of bis receiving the injury, and that it was in the morning the occurrence took place. Since the publication of the same we have been requested to state by the decessed's relations, that he was in no way inebriated, at the time of his receiving the fatal wound, and that it was en the evening of the day in question he was attacked. which they stand accused, given in yesterday's paper,

> Court of General Sessions. Before Hon. Judge Stuart.

APRIL 2 —The April term of the Court of General Ses-tions was opened this morning by the City Judge. One of the heaviest calendars ever known in this Court is to be disposed ef. We subjoin a list of the prisen cases, which, be it remarked, does not include the cases to be tried in the Oyer and Terminer:—

tried in the Oyer and Terminer:

Burglary 35 Bastardy.

Forgery 9 Misdemeaner.

Robbery 6 Disorderly house

Grand larceny, 45 Stabbing.

Seabury Brewster, Fore- Alonso Cushman, man,
Lawis Atterbury, Jr.,
W.H. Anderson,
Seth G. Babcsck,
Joshua H. Bates,
Etenezer Collamore,
James Gropsey,
Geo. R. Andrews,

Andrew Dimock, Geo W. Farnham, John Lightall, Runyon W. Martin, Darius C. Newell, Ward Newman, Henry Olmsted.

Geo. R. Andrews,

Judge Stuart then charged them as follows:—

Geo. R. Andrews,

Judge Stuart then charged them as follows:—

Genvienes of the county with reference to yo character smong your fellow citizens for integrity and the reputation you have in the community for intelligence, serve at this time as members of a Grand inquisition for the contrary of the contrary may at present, as it investigation of all criminal offences in our city. The institution of the Grand Jury is of much antiquity and war garded in former times as greatly promotive of the ends public justice, however to the contrary may at present, as in this country, be public seasons of the contrary may at present, as in this country, be public seasons of the properties of the ends and antion that brought it into existence as a "great-sec rity" against the wrongs and oppression of corrupt and pêc criu or profligate ministers of authority and arbitrary g vernment, and has ever been under political institution foreign to our own, of more real benefit to the humber clase ethan can with truth be said of any other institution or yet dedicated to the protection of the innocent and the pullshment of the guilty. It is not to be densed, even by the who see no necessity for its existence here, that there is uthing in the nanals of European governments that can con pare for good with what the Grand Jury was, and did, for the country in the respect of our juriats and legislators; and it was by re son of this, although contrary in its nature and patriets, as the respect of our juriats and legislators; and it was by re son of this, although contrary in its nature and preceding to the principles upon when criminal law quit even to administered, that it was made a means in the formation ear government to the promotion of the criminal justice the country. It is because of its importance is other day and to another people, nather than for any present used in the principles upon when criminal law quit even to administered, that it was made a means in the formation Judge Stuart then charged them as follows:-No cases being ready for trial the court then adjourned for the day.

The Cyprians. THEIR DISCHARGE BY JUDGE MORRIS.

All the Cyprians who were arrested on the first night of the descent of the police upon them, and sent to Blackwell's Island, (excepting Mrs. Wade, who was previously discharged), were brought before Judge Roose-velt yesterday morning and released from custody. Mr. John D. McGregor, who appeared on their behalf, asked for the release of the entire batch, upon the grounds

for the release of the entire batch, upon the grounds operating in the case of Mrs. Wade, tried before Judge Morris. To this Judge Roosevelt consented, and the release of each of the accused was accordingly recorded upon the minutes of the court.

The scene in the court room was highly animating to those particularly interested. The Cyprians crove down to court from the place of their innarceration in carriages, cutting a dash in the way of a "turn out" that knocked the Fifth avenue into the shade. At the court room the women were met by their various "lovers" who took immediate possession of them after the edict of the court had been armounced. No one appeared in court in opposition to Mr. McGregor.

ANOTHER OFINION OF THE DISTRICT ATTÔRNEY.

ANOTHER OPINION OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY. The District Attorney, Mr. A. Oakey Hall, has written the following letter to the Mayor in regard to the de cision of Judge Morris, discharging the disreputable

cision of Judge Morris, discharging the disreputable females recently arrested:—

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, April 2, 1855.

My Dran Sir.—In regard to your application for my views of the sifect which the decision of Judge Morris has upon the vagrancy proceedings that you have set in motion, I bes leave to say:—

That the order which you last sent to the police will abundantly remedy the difficulties upon the arrest complained of by the learned Justice. The officers will only arrest for acts and words indicating vagrancy occurring at the time of arrest, or shortly antecedent thereto. They will be prepared to make each to these specific acts and words.

higher law" prompts to a newer and more ourse—for the latin maxim charges Judices

et not mutamer ab illis,
With great respect, your obedient servant.
A OAKEY HALL-Te Illis Horen vin Mayor

Theatres and Exhibitions.

Tahlan Orsia — The management, by particular desire, announces the performance of "Lucrezia Borgia" on Wednesday evening, "William Tell" is in praparation, and will be produced in a superior style, with new scenery, costomes, &c., and a cast of character which cannot fall

to please.

GIMMAN OPERA —At Niblo's Garden the managemeanneanced that in consequence of this being Passi Week, there will be so performance until Passiay eveirg, April 10th, when, no doubt, there will be a crowdhouse.

ing, April 10th, when, no doubt, there will be a crowded house.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—The American tragediam, Mr. Ferrest, Mr. F. Conway, Madame Ponisi, and other members of the Broadway stock company, will appear in the historical tragedy of "Brutum." The new committee entitled "Love and Larceny," will be played for the fourth time, and will be the last piece

BOWERT THEATER.—Mr. Eddy continues to play at this theatre with considerable success. He will appear to night in the fine nantical drama of the "Wizard of the Wave," in the principal character. Two favortic farces are to be played in adoltion to the above, named "\$500 Reward," and "102," in the latter of which Mr. R. Johnem will appear as Old Gavis.

BUSTON'S THEATER.—Mr. J. C. Barnet, the gentlemanly treasurer of Burton's theatre, announces his benefit for this evening. Two excellent pieces are to be performed: "The Soldier's Daughter." Mrs. Alaxins Fister Baker as Widow Cheerly, and "Paul Pry." All the leading characters appear: Mr. Burton, Mr. Harry Hall, Mr. G. Jordan and others. As Burton's is nightly crammed, Mr. Barnet cannot fall to derive a handsome sum by his benefit.

WALLACK'S THEATER.—The new comedicita of the Chicar of a Young Wife." and hourideant's excellent

banefit.

Wallack's Thratter.—The new comedicate of the "Disry of a Young Wife," and Sourcicault's excellent comedy, called the "Iriah Hoiress," will be played. Blake, Lester, Brougham, Dyott, Miss Ross Bennett and Mrs. Heey appearing. Mr. H. B. Phillips, a very deserving actor, will take his benefit on Thursday evening next.

next.

American Museum.—Three great curiosities are on exhibition at present, namely, the fattest woman, the tallest woman and the smallest woman, with the Fejoc Mermaid. "Adele," "Trying it on," and the "Flying Butchman," comprise the dramatic performances for the afterneon and evening.

ETHIOTHE PERFORMANCIS.—At all the burlesque operahouses good bills are announced.

Jersey City News.

THE FIRE WORKS EXPLOSION.—There have been altogether, up to the present time, seven deaths by the explosion of the fire works manufactory, on Bergen Point, on sien of the fire works manufactory, on Bergen Point, on the 21st ultime. Fesides Henry Kleiber, taken out of the ruins dead, Henry Korner, who died the same day, and Emil Brahm, whose death has been mentioned, four have since died. Their names are Jacob Nicelay and Fredk. Frundt, who died on Saturday and were interred on Su-day; Ferdinand Bauer, who died on Friday, and Charles Kleine, who died early in the week. The two servivors are Wm. Hitten, who is expected to survive, and the lad Henry Jossman, who it is believed will not recover.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONDAY, April 2-6 P. M.

The stock market continues to improve gradually but steadily. The most active movement to-day was in Eric Railroad stock, and the advance was sustained to the close. It would not be at all strange if speculators carried this stock to 60 per cent; but it would be strange if they sustained it long at that point. It has, we understand, been determired to pay a dividend in October in stock, and to centinue them regularly semi-annually, in the same shape, to the extent, at least, of the sinking fund. It is also the intention, we learn, of the company to issue certificates of stock, with coupons for dividends, attached, payable to bearer, so as to make them more easily and conveniently negotiable abroad. This will, without doubt, extend the market for this stock, give it a wider distribution, and thereby augment its market value. A portion of the recent improvement in prices may be attributato see the Erie Railroad in the hands of, and managed by, foreigners, before the lapse of many years. There are already two directors in the board, representing the interests of foreign stockholders, and as that interest increases it will a quire a greater representation, until ultimately it will hold a controlling power and manage the entire property-debt and all. We have great faith in the judgment and shrewdness of these for sign represen satives, and believe they will bring the company up to its proper position. Since they have had a seat at the Board great improvements have been made in the management of its affairs, and we have no doubt they will continue. The E ie Railroad is get ting into good bands. It is an important work, and those who have so freely embarked their capital in its construction should be properly remunarited. The prospect is certainly more flattering than we have known for years, but there is danger of too mpid an inflation in the market value of the stock. All the other leading railroad stocks were in moderate demand, to-day, at better prices. Railroad bonds were quite active, and an advance was realized on all the sales made. Illinois Centrals sold at 784 a 78], interest off-on Saturday, they closed at 81], interest on. The sales to day were therefore at an advance of 1 to 1 per cent. Upwards of \$30,000 were sold at these rates. Eries, 1875, sold to the extent of \$76,500 at an advance of about ? per cent. State stocks were not very freely offered to-day, but we notice no variation in prices. Prices

at the close on Saturday, show an advance in Nica ragua Transit, of h per cent; New York Central Railroad, 1; Erie Railroad, 2; Harlem, 1; Norwick snd Worcester, ½; Reading Railroad, ‡; Hudson Railroad, ‡; Michigan Central Railroad, ‡; Michi-Railroad. 2. Cumberland Coal declined | per cent; Panama Railroad, &. It is a curious fact that the stock of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Compuny is selling at higher prices than the company's income bonds. This is something unusual. A meet-ing of the stockholders of the Michigan Southern silroad Company has been called, to be held at Adrian, in the State of Michigan, on the 25th of April, izst., for the purpose of authorizing the directors, in conjunction with the Northern Indiana Railroad Company, to consolidate their stock and interest into one consolidated company, to be called the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company, and to surrender existing stock ce:tificates, and issue therefor new certificates in the

for the same purpose.

After the adjournment of the board the following sales of stocks and bonds were made at auction by

6 000 Cleveland & Pittsburg RR 7's, 1856., do. 63\(\) a\(\) \\ \) 2560 Clincinnati, Logassport & Chicago Rd. 640\(\) 420 shares Eric RR. 61\(\) 42 do. Nicaragus Transit Co. 163\(\) 45 do. Nicaragus Transit Co. 163\(\) 40 do. Marine Bank . 75 do. 60 do. Chatham Bask . 75 do. Chatham Bask . 75 do. Manhattan Fire Ins. Co. 91\(\) 40 do. New Amsterdam Fire Ins. Co. 91\(\) 40 do. Arctic Fire Ins. Co. 91\(\) 40 do. Arctic Fire Ins. Co. 110\(\) 42 do. 110\(\) 42 do. American Coal Co., Alleghany, Md. scrip, on which \(\) 22 8\(\) paid do. Union Gold Co. 60c. Simeon Draper's regular semi-weekly sale of Sonds stocks at a nortion will take place the conditions of the condition of the condition

bonds and stocks at auction will take place to-morrow, at half-past twelve o'clock, at the Merchants Exchange. At the second board the market was not so buoy-

ant. Eric Railroad fell off b per cent; Reading Railroad, 1; Cumberland Coal, 1; Nicaragua Trensit, 4; Delaware and Hudson, 1; Erie Bonds, 1875, J. Mishigan Central Railroad advanced 2 per cent; Clevelard and Toledo, 2: New York Central Railroad, 4.

The transactions at the Assistant Treasurer's cffice to-day, were as follows:—
Paid on Treasury account. \$256,789 53
Received do. do. 107,800 53
Balance do. do. 3,558,864 41
Paid for Assay office. 201 23
Paid on diabursing checks. 75,044 02

Only \$12,650 of the public debt was redeemed

The s'eamship Daniel Webster, at New Orleans, from Nicaragua, brings eight days later news from California, and a small amount of gold dust. The steamship Ster of the West, of the same line, left San Juan for New York on the 24th of March, with a large number of passengers, and about \$300,000 in gold. She is overdue at this port. This remit-tance of gold is full as large as anticipated. The next steamer belongs to the mall line, and will, without doubt, being nearly her full average amount. We are encouraged by the large remit-tence by the Nicaregea line. It shows that the times are getting better again in California—that the panic was rapidly subsiding, and that soon the movements of gold would settle down into the old channels. The mining news is particularly favorable.

The annexed statement exhibits the amount at the reveral government depositories, subject to the draft of the Treasurer of the United States on the 26th of

of the Treasurer of the United States on the 26th of March:—
FNARCHS OF THE UNITED STATES—SURFLUS REVENUE. Treasurer ef the United States, Washington. \$18,968 71 Assistant Treasurer, Boston, Mass. 3,031,177 52 New York. 3,144,827 49 Fhiladelphia. 97,265 50 Charlesten, S. C. 53,181 74 New Orleans, La. 187,330 57 Rt. Lenis, Mc. 3,832,100 58 Depasitory at Buffalo, N. Y. 23,339 94 Beltimore, Md. 143,655 80 Rickmond, Va. 44,100 92 Nerick Va. 33,108 76 Wilmington, N. C. 27,045 82 Favannah, Ga. 6,684 37 Wilmington, N. C. 27,045 82 Favannah, Ga. 6,684 37 Mobile, Aim. 65,536 20 Nashville, Tenn. 44,844 08 Cincinnati, (hite) 20 39 Debuque, Iowa. 15,207 69 Little Neck, Ark. 100,438 19 Jeffersenville, Ind. 20,145 25 Chicago, Ill. 63,637 90 Detroit, Mich. 89,262 32 TallaFassec, Fis. 35,499 40 Areay effice, New York. 4,744,500 00 Brunch Mint, San Francisco. 100, 120, 140, 150 Branch Mint, San Francisco. 100, 142, 142, 154, 165 Branch Mint, San Francisco. 100, 142, 142, 154, 165 Branch mint, Charlotte, N. C. 32,000 00 New Orieans, Ia. 1,507,717 07 Francisco..... 669,285 36 Total. 321,455,523 54

Total. Transfers Ordered. 400,000 00

To Ansistant Treasurer, New York 510,000 00

New Orleans, La. 320,000 00

St. Louis, Mo. 300,000 00

St. Louis, Mo. 300,000 00

St. Pacelsco 1,387,500 00

To depenitory at Nerfolk, Va. 200,000 00

Mobile, Ala. 20,000 00

Te branch mint at San Francisco 200,000 60

New Orleans, La. 500,000 00

There is vary little probability of this enormous surplus being much reduced this year. It would be a grand thing for the country at large if it could be distributed throughout the channels of commerce, and once more become incorporated in the currency. It would materially strengthen the credit system, and form the basis for mercantile transactions to an immerse amount, which are now not softiciently sustained. The reduction in revenue from customs at this port last quarter was upwards of

three millions of dollars. A portion of this decrease was caused by the withdrawal of the Cunard steam

ers, and the transfer of a portion of our usual impor-

tations to Boster. The revenue returns of that por will not show much falling off for the last quarter. There was shipped to market from the land coal region, for the week ending Saturday-March 24th, 8,995 15 tons. Of this amount 3,997.01 tons were sent over the George's Creek Coal and Iron Company's railroad, 3,196 tons over the Cumberlard and Pennsylvania railroad, and 1,802.12 tons passed over the Cumberland Coal and Iron Company's railroad. The total shipments for the year commencing January 1 have been 66 029 13 tons, showing a large increase over last year's ship. ments for the same time. The Chesapeake and Obio canal also carried 2,983.10 tons of coal for the

same time. The value of merchandise and specie imported into this port during the month of March, 1854 and

during the month of March this year, was \$2,918,093. The falling off in the total importations for the month this year was \$6,301,120, the whole of which was in dutiable goods. The amount of duties paid on imports last month was smaller than in any month last year, except November and December This decrease in the import trade is a very favorable feature in the returns, and we trust it will continue

The annexed statement exhibits the average daily movement in the leading departments of the banks of this city, during the week preceding Saturday morning, March 31, 1855:-

consolidated company. The stockholders of the Northern Indiana Railroad Company will hold a meeting at Laporte, Indiana, on the 26th of April,

Total.....\$93,684,041 16,018,105 7,337,633 75,600,186 Exchanges for week ending March 26...\$100,018.807.27 The above aggregates, compared with those for

pasvious weeks, present the annexed statement:-

The lest returns, compared with those for the pre-vious week, shows the fellowing changes:— Decrease in deposits. 114,505
Decrease in deposits. 689,737
Contrary to general anticipation, the line of discounts exhibits an increase instead of a decrease.

All the other departments show a reduced move ment. The amount of specie in the banks and sub-treasury on the 1st of April last year, was \$18,690,-800, at the same time this year, \$19,576,969. The asgregate this year is only about a million of dol-lars more than last. The backs are nearly up to their discount line of last year, and if they continue to increase at the rates realized since D: comber last, they will soon be beyond the highest point reached since the weekly statement commenced. There is an abundance of money among all classes of bustness men, and in Wall street capital goes a begging for employment. Stock investments are very much inflated by this plethora of means in the hands of speculators, and we do not see how any change cal be for the better. It is always best to be a little cantions when the banks are so much exten ed. The present case may continue for a long time, but when a fair profit can be realized it should not be ong delayed.

Stock Exchange.

| Mosnar, April 2, 1855.|
| \$10000 Ia St'e 5's b30 | \$5\frac{1}{2}\$ Is 8 she Exe RR. | \$11000 Id St'e 5's b30 | \$5\frac{1}{2}\$ Is 8 she Exe RR. | \$11000 Id St'e 5's b30 | \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ Also she Exe RR. | \$11000 Id St'e 5's b30 | \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ Also she Exe RR. | \$11000 Id St'e 5's b30 | \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ Also she Exe RR. | \$11000 Id St'e 5's b30 | \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ Also she Exe RR. | \$11000 Id St'e 5's b30 | \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ Also she Exe RR. | \$11000 Id St'e 5's b30 | \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ Also she Exe RR. | \$11000 Id St'e 5's b30 | \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ Also she Exe RR. | \$6\frac{1}{2}\$ Also she Id St'e 5's she Id \$15000 In State 5' ab 5 82 4 50 ahs NY C RR s60 93 5 5000 Virginia 6's 97 5 50 ahs NY C RR s60 93 5 5000 Virginia 6's 97 5 50 ahs NY C RR s60 93 5 5000 do 80 5000 do 89 5 20 Mich Ces RR 83 5 1000 do 50 5 3 5 Mich South RR 96 5 1000 N; C RR s60 91 5 5 sha Dei & HC Ce 124 5 100 do 50 51 5 sha Dei & HC Ce 124 5 100 do 50 51 5 100 Nic Transit Co 16 5 100 do 50 51 5 100 Nic Transit Co 16 5 100 do 50 51 5 100 do 5

CITY TRADE REPORT.

MONDAY, April 2—6 P. M.
Asines.—The market was dull and prices nominal.

Beradetures.—Flour—The market was again firmer Beradetures.—Flour—the market was again firmer with an atwace on some descriptions of 6%c. a 12%c per bil. The sales embraced about 8,000 a 9,000 bbls. o all kinds, including common to good straight Stat brands at \$1.5% a \$0.62%; Western branes, common to good on \$49.6% a \$10. extra Genesee was at \$11.5 a \$10.5% a \$10. extra Genesee was at \$11.5 a \$10. Included in the above, were also 2,600 bbls. Canadian at \$0.50 a \$10. 87, for common and extra branes, about 900 of the sales extra were seld at \$10 and about 2,000 bbls. Southron sold at \$9.37 a \$10 for inferior to cheice, and at \$10.12 a \$11 for fancy as a trs., and 600 bbls. Golderon sold for export to China an to California at \$12. Ryefflour ranged at \$5.25 a \$7.65 with small sales, and 150 bbls of corn meal seld at \$4.37 Wheat—The market continued to be scantily supplied and the lots oldering were held above of buyers. About 600 busbels of Southern white were sold at \$2.60. Ry was scarce and firm. Sales of 400 busbels were mad at \$1.55%. Corn was firm, with restricted aux ples. 3,000 busbels of Jersey yellow were sel at \$1.02. Prime Fouthern white was held at \$1.05 Cots were in fair request at 57c. a 52c for State an Western, and 57c. a 73c. for State and Western, and 57c. a 73c. for State and Western. Sale of 1,000 busbels barley mail were made at \$1.50. Cotyper.—Sales of 3,500 bags \$5c. Domingo were made for export, at 9%c.; and 600 ditto Rio, at 11c. a 11%c The suck censisted of only 15,000 bags of Rio, was selected, of other descriptions were high.

COTION.—The market rallied to the extent of %c. pt 1b. The sales reschod from 2,000 a \$900 bales. Midding uplands were at 9%c.; ditto Florida. 5c a 9%c ditte Mobile, at 9%c.; and New Orleans and Texas at 9%c.

Fringere.—Rates were steady, but functive. Te Live excl 260 a 250 bales of centrol were respect at 5.32d. with an advance on some descriptions of 6 %c. a 12%

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Favie. To Sammin Ho. Dates of cotton were angage, (compressed.) at \$1c. To California rates by vessela et gaged is losolog were going forward at 30c.

FRUT.—The market was quiet and prices unchanged. Hax.—The market was quiet and prices unchanged. Hax.—The market was quiet and prices unchanged. Hax.—The market was again firmer, with some sale reported for anjument, at 90c.

ERIT.—The steek in this market, reported by Meser Lewis Morris & Co., brokers, was, on the 1st inst., a follows:—American undressed, 632 bales; do. dressed 1, 64c bales. all of which is upon the market, and effer at irregular prices. Of Russian, there is none here or Boston. Manilia, the stock in first hands here amount to about 12,560 cales, which is firmly held. Jute is he at \$55 a \$95. Gunny cloth has been active, at 11%c. 11%c., the latter for extra weight. The market closed firm.

Hinds.—The stock of all kinds on hand the 1st Aprin-tunt, were 28,178. The imports for three mentioning the 31st ult., were 297,112, against 363,274 1863, and 434,172 in 1844. The tollowing were the price current on the 31st Merch:—Usual selection, at months—Burnos Ayres, ox and cow, selected, 20 a 2 lbs., at 24c., 14 a 16, 24c., salted, 40 a 45, 11%c.; Angestura, dry, selected, 19 a 2 1%c. Porto Cabello dec, open, as they ran, 20 a 2 1%gc a 19c., booked, 21 a 25, 17%c. a 18c.; Matamer and Tampico, selected, 22 a 23, 17%c. a 18%c., Carth gens and Savanilia, as trey run, 20 a 22, 10%c. a 17c. San Juan, 18 a 29, 17c. a 18c.

Molaters—Nales of 71 halds. Cuba*clayed were man at 21c., and some lots New Orioans in barrels at 21c., and some lots New Orioans in barrels at 21c., and some lots New Orioans in barrels at 21c., and some lots New Orioans in barrels at 45c., and some lots New Orioans in barrels at 65c. at 2c.

Navaa Stronss were quiet at 41c a 42c. per gallon for spirits, and about \$1.55 asked for common roi Raw turpentine and tay were nominal.

Ons—1-inased was at 19c. a 80c., the latter for sma lots in store; winter bleached sperm was at 7cc. a 7cc. and co

Bick.—The stock on hand to day was 3,250 east sgainst 9,134 casks same time last year. The import during the past month have been only 4 023 whole and 50 half casks, against 5,571 whole and 50 half casks it the same month last year. It is now evident that the last crop will prove much aborter than it was first ant cipated.